

**Sun City Summerlin Computer Club
Seminar**

**Backup Tools
2019**

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Seminar Agenda

- **Basic Backup Concepts**
- **Cloning vs Imaging**
- **Backup Tools**
- **Where to Back up?**
- **Where to Buy Backup Hard and Flash Drives**
- **Demo – Imaging with Free Macrium Reflect**
- ***-- Bio Break (~10 min)***
- **Demo – Other Macrium Features and Tools**
- **Demo – Setting Up Windows File History**
- **Cloud Backup for Data Files**
- **Tom's Backup Guidelines**
- **Web Site Links – Where to Buy**
- **Open Q and A**

Basic Backup Concepts

- “Backing up” means *making a copy* of all or part of your PC hard or solid state drive to another hard or flash drive.
- Why do it?
 - Hard drives are electro-mechanical devices – they **BREAK DOWN**. (but hard drive MTBFs are now 100,000+ operating hours)
 - Even solid state drives can fail or become corrupt.
 - Drives, their folders and files can become **CORRUPT**.
 - Humans are fallible!! Sooner or later you will **DELETE** or overwrite a file when you didn’t mean to.
 - Malware of all kinds may attack your PC and **DESTROY** data.
 - Lightning may strike, fires happen, floods happen.
- Without backups, you may lose irreplaceable data
 - Family photos, music, videos, financial records, e-mail, ...
- Replacing lost software may be difficult and expensive.

Cloning vs Imaging

- **Cloning**
 - Backs up one *entire* drive to another entire drive.
 - The resultant drive is bootable – same OS & drivers.
 - The resultant drive has all the files and folders of the original.
 - The “clone” is a logical copy – not a bit-for-bit physical copy.
- **Imaging**
 - A disc image is a single large file on NTFS, or a group of files on FAT32.
 - An image is a copy of one or more *partitions* of a hard drive.
 - Images are compressed – about 2 to 1.
 - Images only contain “used” areas of the original partition(s).
 - A backup drive can hold *multiple* images.
 - Images are not directly bootable, but contain all boot information.
 - With software help, an image can be “mounted” as a logical drive. (This allows individual files to be retrieved from the image).

A Sampling of Backup Tools (1)

- **Macrium Reflect 7 – *FREE Edition***
 - <https://www.macrium.com/reflectfree>
 - Can back up entire hard drive or partitions.
 - Supports both cloning and imaging.
 - Can “mount” a backup image as a logical drive.
 - Includes a bootable “Rescue disk” or “Rescue flash drive”.
 - Paid editions have extra features; you may not need them.
- **Acronis True Image Home**
 - <https://www.acronis.com/en-us/> or <http://ugr7.com/>
 - Single PC about \$25, family pack of 3 about \$50 (UGR7.com)
 - Excellent for backing up entire hard drives or partitions.
 - Also can back up individual files.
 - Makes both “clones” or “images”
 - Can “mount” a backup image as a logical drive.
 - Can make a bootable “Rescue disk” or “Rescue flash drive”.

A Sampling of Backup Tools (2)

- **CASPER by Future Systems Software**
 - <https://www.fssdev.com/products/casper/>
 - Supports both cloning and disk imaging.
 - Features SmartClone technology (differential clones).
 - Single system price about \$50; family pack of 3 for \$70
- **Windows File History (built-in to Windows 8 & 10)**
 - Automatic scheduled backups of a designated set of folders to an external hard or flash drive.
 - Excellent for backing up files / folders that change frequently.
- **Windows File Explorer (built-in to Windows 7, 8 & 10)**
 - Built-in Windows File Manager.
 - Easy to use for ad-hoc copying small groups of files and folders.

A Sampling of Backup Tools (3)

- **Google Cloud (Google Drive) - *FREE***
 - <https://drive.google.com/drive/u/0/my-drive>
 - Requires a Google / Gmail account
 - 15-17 GB of free cloud storage
 - Install Google Backup and Sync app (Windows)
 - Specify a set of folders to be monitored and backed up to the Google Cloud whenever a change is detected.
- **Microsoft OneDrive - FREE**
 - <https://onedrive.live.com/about/en-us/>
 - Requires a Microsoft Account
 - 5 GB free (1 TB free if subscribed to Office 365)
 - Syncs from a OneDrive folder on your PC or device to your OneDrive cloud storage.

Where to Back Up?

- **To an external disc drive (USB 2.0/3.0/3.1 or to a rack / tray mounted drive)**
 - **Fastest I/O, especially for cloning or imaging.**
 - **Backup drive can be removed after backup is complete.**
 - **If imaging, can use an “images” folder on the external drive. (No need to dedicate the entire drive to backups).**
- **To a USB flash drive or plug-in memory card**
 - **Fast I/O to a solid state device.**
 - **No external power needed.**
 - **Capacities now up to 1 TB**
- **To another computer on your home network**
 - **Similar to imaging to a USB backup drive.**
 - **Dedicate an area on that PC to storing backup images.**
 - **Best over a 1 Gigabit LAN.**

Ransomware / Malware Considerations

- **Ransomware** is a virus infection that encrypts (scrambles) your PC's files and then demands a ransom in exchange for the decryption key / tool.
- Ransomware scrambles files on **any attached disk drives**, including mapped network drives.
 - Files on File History backup drive are at risk.
 - Files in cloud folders on your PC are at risk.
- Best to frequently make a separate manual backup of essential / important data files.
- Also – important to do a virus scan before making a clone or image backup.
 - Don't want to back up an infected hard drive.

Where to Buy a Back Up Drive

- **Shop the usual on-line tech stores:**
 - www.amazon.com
 - www.newegg.com
 - www.tigerdirect.com
 - www.bestbuy.com
 - www.officedepot.com
- **Search Google, Bing or DuckDuckGo for a specific brand / size:**
 - external "hard drive" "usb 3" 2-tb
 - Lots of hits – typical price about \$60 for a 2 TB disc drive.
 - Ultra-slim drives may be slower.
- **For just backing up data files, consider a flash drive**
 - USB 3 32GB, 64GB and 128GB drives/cards quite affordable.
 - 128GB USB 3 flash drive costs about \$20.

Main Screen – Macrium Reflect 7 Free

The screenshot displays the Macrium Reflect 7 Free software interface. The title bar reads "Macrium Reflect - Free Edition for both home and commercial use - v7.1.3317 [UEFI]". The menu bar includes "File", "View", "Backup", "Restore", "Other Tasks", and "Help". Below the menu bar are icons for Disk Image, Restore, and Log. The main window is divided into several sections:

- Backup Tasks:** Contains instructions: "Image selected disks on this computer" and "Create an image of the partition(s) required to backup and restore Windows".
- Other Tasks:** Includes a "Details" section for a recovery image with the following information:
 - Recovery ID: {86F306A5-856D-475B-8560-46D19C771577}
 - File System: NTFS
 - Free Space: 485.1 MB
 - Total Size: 499.0 MB
 - Start Sector: 2,048
 - End Sector: 1,023,999
- Create a backup:** The active tab, showing two disks with their partitions:
 - GPT Disk 1 [025DF3EA-2F53-47FD-80B3-89ADA3EC296F] - WDC WD10EZEX-08WN4A0 02.01A02 <931.51 GB>**
 - 1 - (None) Unformatted Primary: 16.0 MB / 16.0 MB
 - 2 - New Volume (None) NTFS Primary: 16.2 MB / 500.0 MB
 - 3 - HDD1 (D:) NTFS Primary: 178.65 GB / 400.00 GB
 - 4 - EDRIIVE (E:) NTFS Primary: 221.98 GB / 531.01 GB
 - GPT Disk 2 [1E0754B0-0C57-45F7-8D65-03209D3DCF8B] - INTEL SSDPEKKW512G8 001C <476.94 GB>**
 - 1 - Recovery (None) NTFS Primary: 13.9 MB / 499.0 MB
 - 2 - NO NAME (None) FAT32 (LBA) Primary: 25.0 MB / 99.0 MB
 - 3 - (None) Unformatted Primary: 16.0 MB / 16.0 MB
 - 4 - (C:) NTFS Primary: 111.76 GB / 476.34 GB
- Actions:** Includes "Clone this disk..." and "Image this disk..." buttons.

Demo – Backing Up With Macrium

“Within Windows” Method (much more convenient)

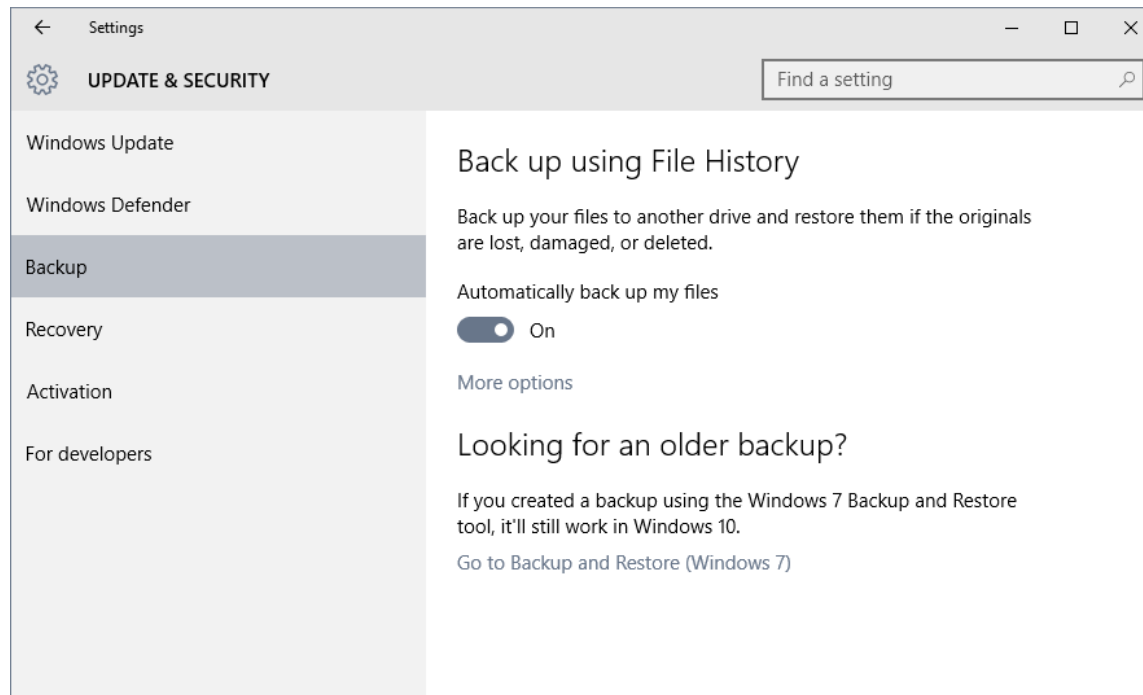
- **1. Shut down the PC (if using rack mount backup drives).**
- **2. Attach external USB drive or mount rack with drive.**
- **3. Re-boot Windows (if needed) & launch Macrium Reflect**
- **4. Choose backup Options:**
 - **Clone or Image**
 - **Source partition / drive**
 - **Target partition / drive**
 - **If imaging – full or incremental, scheduled or one-shot**
 - **Name for your backup image file (or use default)**
- **5. Review your selection and click “Finish”.**
- **6. Sit back and let the backup take place.**
- **7. Shut down the PC ((if using rack mount backup drives)**
- **8. Safely Remove the backup hard drive.**
- **9 Reboot the PC into Windows.**

Macrium Reflect Tools and Features

- **Demo - Make a bootable rescue disk.**
 - Use to restore a backup image
 - Also can boot and make clones or images
- **Mount a backup Image as a logical drive.**
 - Mounted image is read-only; can't be permanently altered.
 - Useful if you need to recover a specific file
 - Useful if you want to check file dates or other information from an earlier time.
 - Paid versions allow a backup image to be used as a virtual disk in a virtual machine.

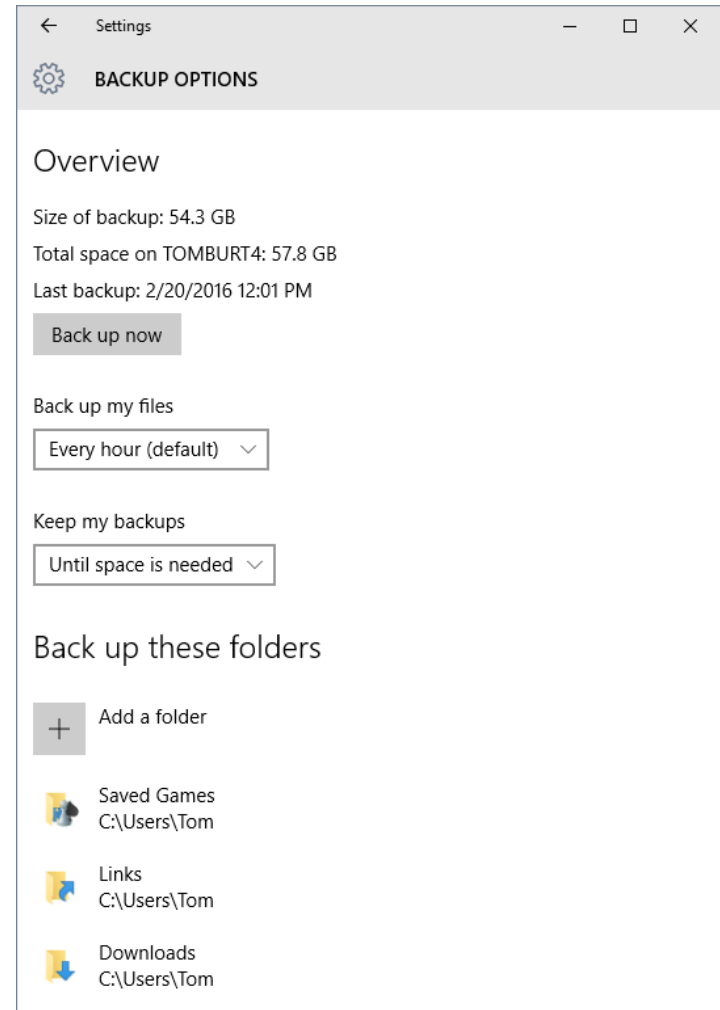
Windows File History (1)

- **Available in Windows 8 & 10.**
 - **Backs up a user-specified set of folders to an external drive.**
 - **Keeps multiple versions of files as they evolve.**
 - **Run frequency can be scheduled – default is once an hour.**
 - **Only backs up new or changed files.**
 - **Must be turned on and then configured via “More Options”.**



Windows File History (2)

- **Insert external USB flash drive or SD card**
 - This will remain permanently mounted.
 - Recommend 64GB or larger capacity.
- **Click “More Options” to configure Windows File History:**
 - Specify the frequency of backups.
 - Specify how long to keep.
 - Add specific folders to the list.
- **Once things are set up, you just forget about it.**
- **You can temporarily remove the backup drive if you need to use that port / slot for something else.**
 - File history will cache any backups in a dedicated area of your hard drive until the backup drive is re-inserted.



Cloud Backup for Data Files

- Popular cloud storage services are another way to regularly and automatically back up your key data files.
- Most will automatically sync between your PC / Mac / Tablet and the cloud.
- Typically you can sign up for 5 to 15 GB of free storage and buy more if needed. On Google Drive, files stored in Google's *native* formats don't count against your limit.
- The cloud services also back up files stored there.
- Popular services include:
 - Microsoft OneDrive: <https://onedrive.live.com/>
 - Apple iCloud: www.apple.com/icloud
 - DropBox: www.dropbox.com
 - Google Drive: <http://drive.google.com>
 - SugarSync: <https://www.sugarsync.com>
- Risks of cloud storage:
 - Services can change or even go out of business.
 - Cloud data can get hacked or subpoenaed.

Tom's Own Backup Methodolgy

- **Use Macrium for Image Backups**
 - Monthly for OS partition (SSD C: Drive)
 - Monthly for separate Tom_Data partition (HD E: Drive)
 - Back up to a USB 3 removable hard drive dock with a 2 TB bare SATA 3 drive (can unplug and put away afterward).
- **Use Windows File History for hourly file backups**
 - For recurring, frequent backups of data files that change a lot. (e.g. Outlook.pst – changes hourly)
 - Data is backed up to a 64GB USB 3 flash drive permanently plugged in to one rear USB 3 port.
- **Also use Google Drive to back up & share files.**
 - Folders to be backed up listed in Google Update and Sync tool.
 - Can sync between desktop and laptop PCs and Android phone.
- **Also occasionally burn & file DVD backups of some data**
 - Tax returns & supporting files.
 - Medical records.

Web Links – Where to Buy

- <http://www.ugr7.com/>
- <http://www.acronis.com>
- <https://www.macrium.com/reflectfree>
- <http://www.fssdev.com>
- <http://www.newegg.com>
- <http://www.amazon.com>
- <http://www.tigerdirect.com>

Questions and Answers